

St Andrew's Primary School

Pupil Premium Strategy Statement 2020 – 2021

Pupil Premium Lead: Laura Hudson

Pupil Premium Governor: John Waine

1. Rationale

At St Andrew's Primary School, we believe that our practice is developed to ensure the individual needs of our pupils are met, including those of our most vulnerable pupils. We ensure that appropriate provision is made for pupils who belong to vulnerable groups, ensuring that the needs of such pupils are adequately assessed and addressed. All our work through the Pupil Premium will be aimed at accelerating progress and overcoming barriers to learning so that these pupils achieve similar outcomes to their peers and diminish the difference between Pupil Premium and non – Pupil Premium both within school and nationally. It is our desire that no pupil is left behind and we use our pupil premium funding effectively to achieve this.

2. Reception – Year 6 Pupil Premium Funding

Pupils Eligible for PP Funding	Number of Eligible Boys	Number of Eligible Girls	Number of Looked After Children/ Post LAC	Number of Service Children
84	Per Pupil: £1,320 41	Per Pupil: £1,320 43	Per Pupil £1,700*/ £2,300 1	Per Pupil £300 1

*Looked After Children receive £2,300 with £600 being retained centrally by the Local Authority.

3. Early Year Pupil Premium Funding

Total of Nursery Pupils	Number of Eligible Pupils	Number of Eligible Boys	Number of Eligible Girls	Total EYPP Budget
17	Hourly Rate £0.53	Hourly Rate £0.53	Hourly Rate £0.53	Hourly Rate £0.53

5. 2020 – Disadvantaged pupils outcomes								
EYFS – 56% pupils (FSM)								
Good Level of Development	School FSM	NA Other 2020	School diff	Nat diff 2020				
	%	%	%	%				
KS1 Y2 – 56% pupils (disadvantaged)	Expected Standard				Greater Depth Standard			
	School Dis	NA Other	School diff	Nat diff 2020	School Dis	NA Other	School diff	Nat diff 2020
Reading	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Writing	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Maths	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
KS2 Y6 - 63% pupils (disadvantaged)	Expected Standard				Higher/ Greater Depth Standard			
	School Dis	NA Other	School diff	Nat diff 2020	School Dis	NA Other	School diff	Nat diff 2020
Reading	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Writing	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Maths	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
GPS								
RWM combined	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%

Unable to enter percentage data as no formal assessment took place due to COVID. No national data.

6. 2020 KS1 – KS2 VA Progress (Disadvantaged)				
Average VA	School Disadvantaged	National other	School Difference	Nat gap 2020
Reading				
Writing				
Maths				

7. Internal Barriers to Future Attainment		
Barriers		Desired Outcomes
A	Pupils who are eligible for Pupil Premium do not enter early years at age related-expectations. This means they need to make more progress than their peers to catch up that gap. Their knowledge of phonics, fine motor skills and reading is below average. Many children will not have attend our/any other nursery prior to entering school due to COVID.	Pupils eligible for Pupil Premium in reception make rapid progress in the area of communication and language so that a higher proportion of PP meet ARE than 2020/2021 compared to that of previous year. High quality provision both indoors and outdoors help supports PP children meet ARE. Children are to be taught in small phonics groups and have 1-2-1 interventions where needed by well-trained staff to narrow the gap and make accelerated progress.
B	Year 1 phonics data has not yet reached that on national standard and too many of Y1 disadvantaged pupils did not meet the phonics standard at the end of the year in previous years. The children in this cohort have also only been taught in school until March 2020 due to COVID and therefore will not enter Year 1 at GLD. This is going to slow their progress in all curriculum areas that demand effective reading strategies.	Pupils eligible for Pupil Premium in Year 1 will make rapid progress in phonics so that the year group meets the national standard and the majority of Pupil Premium children will pass their phonics screening check in 2020/2021. Children are to be taught in small phonics groups and have 1-2-1 interventions where needed by well-trained staff to narrow the gap and make accelerated progress.

C	Year 2 children will need to resist their phonics screening as not all children finished the phonics scheme before school closures in March due to COVID.	Y2 phonics resits confirm that all disadvantaged pupils meet the standard.
D	Children attain at the expected standard in reading, writing and maths. Year 3, who did not sit phonics resit, have a significant of PP children not on track for making ARE at the end of the year. Year 6 children have a high proportionate amount of PP children not on track to meet ARE who have also not had a full Year 5 curriculum due to COVID will need to make accelerated progress.	End of KS1 and KS2 data to be closer to/ in line with national and improved for PP compared to year before last academic year (no data for 2019/2020 due to COVID). Year groups to be taught as one year group and have no mixed year group classes. Year 6 to have experience TA support to support class teacher to make accelerated progress.
E	Behaviour issues for a small group of pupils at lunchtime (mostly PP pupils) are having a detrimental effect on academic progress made during afternoon sessions.	A reduction in incidents of poor behaviour resulting in a positive impact on behaviour in classrooms in the afternoon period which will in turn improve outcomes.
F	The range of opportunities for pupils eligible for PP is very low when compared with their peers. This can affect relationships in school, self-esteem and academic progress.	Pupils eligible for PP access the same life chances as their academic peers which will raise their self-esteem, confidence, and academic progress through these first hand experiences apply their skills for the new learning across the curriculum.
G	Emotional resilience and behaviour of pupils eligible for pupil premium is low when compared to their peers. This can affect their ability to concentrate on academic activities, especially when working with others or when tasks are challenging.	Improve emotional resilience for pupils eligible for PP. Lesson observations will demonstrate pupils' learning desire and good behaviours.

8. External Barriers to Future Attainment (issues which also require action outside school, e.g. low attendance rates)

Barriers		Desired Outcomes
H	Low attendance rates for some PP children impacts on their learning. This means they are constantly having to catch up to their peers.	Increased attendance rates for PP children. Reduce the number of persistent absentees so that it is at least in line with NA.
I	Less engagement in home learning by adults and opportunities to support and value reading, English and maths.	Increased engagement with parents to support home learning by engaging with dojo, increased number of children reading three

		times and home and increases number for children accessing Times Table Rock Stars at home.
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9. Pupil Premium Planned Expenditure						
	Desired Outcomes	Action	Evidence Source	Expenditure	Baseline Data	Evaluation (Autumn, Spring, Summer)
A	Improved outcomes for Pupil Premium pupils within Early Years	Use speech and language programme, develop exciting role play areas and EYFS area to engage children in role play. To ensure all staff members are trained in RWI to deliver an effective phonics programme.	Studies of communication and language approaches consistently show positive benefits for young children's learning. On average, children who are involved in communication and language approaches make approximately six months' additional progress over the course of a year. All children appear to benefit from such approaches, but some studies show slightly larger effects for children from disadvantaged backgrounds. (EEF) High performing schools direct resources towards the Early Years Foundation Stage (DfE Supporting the attainment of disadvantaged pupils August 2018)	HLTA to support speech and language development. Cost: £9683		
				RWI resource and training for a further staff member. Cost: £700		
				Role play area equipment. Cost: £268		
				Apprentice to ensure phonics group can be small and focused. Also to ensure		

				speech and language is being developed within continuous provision. Cost: £6800		
B	Year 1 phonics data to be closer in line with national and the vast majority of children reach ARE at the end of Year 1.	Children are to be taught in small phonics groups and have 1-2-1 interventions where needed by well-trained staff to narrow the gap and make accelerated progress.	The EEF state that 'The teaching of phonics should be explicit and systematic' to achieve this everyone must be trained and monitored to ensure teaching is done systematically and effectively. Research states that by the age of three, more disadvantaged children are, on average, already 18 months behind their more affluent peers in their early language development.	Apprentice to ensure phonics group can be small and focused. Cost: £6800	No Data due to COVID. On entry data tells us that many children have regressed during lockdown.	
				Trained RWI 1-2-1 staff member to carry out intervention throughout Autumn term. Cost: £4140		
				RWI Leader monitoring time and training (10 days over the year) Cost: 1060		

C	Year 2 children meet ARE in reading and pass phonics screening held in Autumn due to COVID.	Small group phonics and 1-2-1 intervention where needed by well-trained staff to narrow the gap and make accelerated progress.	The EEF state that 'The teaching of phonics should be explicit and systematic' to achieve this everyone must be trained and monitored to ensure teaching is done systematically and effectively.	TA to ensure 1-2-1 intervention can take place and to ensure phonics groups are small and meet the needs of PP children. Cost: £16,989	No Data due to COVID. On entry data tells us that significant number children have regressed during lockdown and accelerated progress needs to occur rapidly.	
D	Children attain at the expected standard in reading, writing and maths throughout KS2.	KS2 data to be closer to/ in line with national and improved for PP compared to year before last academic year (no data for 2019/2020 due to COVID). Year 3 to complete	EEF states that Phonics approaches have been consistently found to be effective in supporting younger readers to master the basics of reading, with an average impact of an additional four months' progress. Research suggests that phonics is particularly beneficial for younger learners (4-7 year olds) as they begin to read. Teaching phonics is more	Year 3 to be taught as a small group and not within a mixed age group setting to meet the needs of PP children not yet meeting ARE. Cost: £25714		

		<p>phonic teaching to improve reading standards.</p>	<p>effective on average than other approaches to early reading (such as whole language or alphabetic approaches), though it should be emphasised that effective phonics techniques are usually embedded in a rich literacy environment for early readers and are only one part of a successful literacy strategy.</p>	<p>English lead to ensure children are making rapid progress in reading and writing through monitoring and training (10 days) Cost: £1060</p> <p>TA support to ensure PP children, who are not reading regularly at home, receive 1-2-1 reading on top of quality first teaching within guided reading. Cost: £4140</p>		
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E	Improved behaviour at playtimes and afternoons.	The Learning Mentor supports PP pupils to avoid incidents of negative behaviour therefore learning can be maximised.	The EEF states that 'Every pupil should have a supportive relationship with a member of staff. Vulnerable pupils need support at playtimes and lunchtimes with social and emotional issues at unstructured times that can be brought into the classroom afterwards'.	Learning Mentor to supervise groups of children at playtimes. Cost: £8645	Historical data tells us that this will be needed.	
F	To widen the range of opportunities for pupils eligible for PP is very low when compared with their peers.	Pupils eligible for PP access the same life chances as their academic peers	School trips encourage students to engage with people, places and buildings in new ways, thus extending vocabulary and language skills and closes the cultural capital gap. The cultural mobility model posits that students with higher levels of cultural capital are more likely to develop higher educational aspirations regardless of their social status. Increase experiences to close the cultural capital gap.	Durham Learning Resources to greater support the curriculum diving PP a rich environment. Cost: £2400 On school residential experience Cost: £2500 Education school trips funded (virtual if needed due to COVID) Cost: £1500		

G	Emotional resilience of pupils eligible for pupil premium improves.	1-2-1 or small groups intervention aimed at supporting emotional resilience such as social stories and Heart Math.	NFER report stresses the importance of deploying staff effectively and the how interventions which target social and emotional needs can have an impact on learning. Extensive research points to the benefits of developing resilience and raising self-esteem through allowing children opportunities to engage in outdoor adventure. High performing schools subsidise trips and extra-curricular activities for disadvantaged pupils. (DfE Supporting the attainment of disadvantaged pupils August 2018)	Learning Mentor supporting children to improve their emotional resilience. Cost: £8645		
H	Improve school attendance to be in line with national and reduce persistent absentees.	Ensure a robust attendance monitoring is undertaken and support HT is doing so. Foster relationships with poor attenders and persistent absentees to find a solution to improve child's attendance.	Progress can't improve if pupils are not in school. NFER briefing for school leaders identifies addressing attendance as a key step. Majority of our pupils who are involved with social care agencies are Pupil Premium. Support is needed to bridge the gap between the school, the parents and the agencies.	Learning Mentor To support children and families eligible for pupil premium to improve attendance Increased attendance for PP pupils To improve and develop		

				communication between home and school to positively impact on pupils' attainment and achievement in school Cost: £8645		
I	Increased engagement with parents to support home learning	Parents and children engaging with Class Dojo, increased number of children reading three times and home and increases number for children accessing Times Table Rock Stars at home.	Teachers need a range of resources that will support differentiation and to make learning engaging. To enable teachers to spend more time on quality first teaching.	Online Phonics, Oxford Owl, Times Table Rock Stars, Ten Town, Twinkl, Classroom secrets Cost: £1600		

10. Budget Summary

Desired Outcome	Cost
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A	Improved outcomes for Pupil Premium pupils within Early Years	£17,451
B	Year 1 phonics data to be closer in line with national and the vast majority of children reach ARE at the end of Year 1.	£12,000
C	Year 2 children meet ARE in reading and pass phonics screening held in Autumn due to COVID.	£16,989
D	Children attain at the expected standard in reading, writing and maths throughout KS2.	£30,914
E	Improved behaviour at playtimes and afternoons.	£8645
F	To widen the range of opportunities for pupils eligible for PP is very low when compared with their peers.	£6400
G	Emotional resilience of pupils eligible for pupil premium is improved.	£8645
H	Improve school attendance to be in line with national and reduce persistent absentees.	£8645
I	Increased engagement with parents to support home learning	£1600
Total Budget Spent		£111,289

Additional Funding Supporting Provision

School fund - £29 top up

Governance			
Monitoring The Effectiveness & Impact of Pupil Premium Performance			
Pupil Premium Governor: John Waine			
Pupil Premium Meeting	Autumn:	Spring:	Summer:
Autumn Summary			
Spring Summary			
Summer Summary			
Review Date	Autumn 2020.		